8607 to 8642—Continued.

8615.	Grown from No. 84.	8629.	Grown from No. 2845.
8616.	Grown from No. 85.	8630.	Grown from No. 106.
8617.	Grown from No. 86.	8631.	Grown from No. 2846.
8618.	Grown from No. 86.	8632.	Grown from No. 2850.
8619.	Grown from No. 87.	8633.	Grown from No. 3680.
8620.	Grown from No. 88.	8634.	Grown from No. 3680.
8621.	Grown from No. 98?	8635.	Grown from No. 4899.
8622.	Grown from No. 98?	8636.	Grown from No. 6149.
8623.	Grown from No. 102.	8637.	Grown from No. 6170.
8624.	Grown from No. 104.	8688.	Grown from No. 6038.
8625.	Grown from No. 2739.	8639.	Grown from No. 6039.
8626.	Grown from No. 2740.	8640.	Grown from No. 6046.
8627.	Grown from No. 2843.	8641.	Grown from No. 6052.
8628.	Grown from No. 2844.	8642.	Grown from No. 6056.

8643. Punica granatum.

Pomegranate.

From Bassorah, Arabia. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 847, February 26, 1902), April 22, 1902.

Mellasi. "A large 'seedless' pomegranate with light-colored flesh. This is said to be the best variety in Arabia and to be quite free from seeds; i. e., the coats of the seeds are probably so delicate that they offer no resistance to the teeth when eating the fruit. Secured through the kindness of Mr. Raphael Sayegh, of Bassorah." (Fairchild.)

8644. Pyrus malus.

Apple.

From Bassorah, Arabia. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 848, February 26, 1902), April 22, 1902.

Persian. "This apple will grow well in a region where dates are produced and where for three months the thermometer keeps about the 100° F. mark. It is not of the best quality, but is quite edible, and should be tested in the desert regions of the Colorado River and in the dry regions of Texas. It requires irrigation." (Fairchild.)

8645. Cydonia vulgaris (?)

From Bassorah, Arabia. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 849, February 26, 1902), April 22, 1902.

Bahamro. "A stock which is used in Arabia, especially in Mesopotamia, on which to graft apples, pears, and quinces. It is reported to be an excellent stock in this very hot region of the Tigris Valley, where the thermometer stands for three months near the 100° F. mark and where it often rises to 117° F. It is cultivated here on adobe soil under irrigation." (Fairchild.)

8646. Punica granatum.

Pomegranate.

From Bassorah, Arabia. Received through Messrs. Lathrop and Fairchild (No. 850, February 26, 1902), April 22, 1902.

Nejidi. "A red-fleshed variety of pomegranate which is considered second only to the seedless or Mellasi variety. The fruit is large and has a very thin skin." (Fairchild.)